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27460	7590 06/07/2004		EXAMINER		
JOSEPH BA			TRUONG, CAM Y T		
	VIEW DRIVE ILL, CA 95037		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
	,		2172	2	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/085,781	SANDMAN, MOI	SANDMAN, MONIKA			
		Examiner	Art Unit	T			
		Cam Y T Truong	2172				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this commun or Reply	ication appears on the cover shee	t with the correspondence a	ddress			
A SH THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNI INSIGN SOLY (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this community of period for reply specified above, the maximum state to reply within the set or extended period for reply reply received by the Office later than three months are departed term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	CATION. of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, manunication. 0) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of atutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) will, by statute, cause the application to become	ay a reply be timely filed If thirty (30) days will be considered tim MONTHS from the mailing date of this BERNHONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1) 🗌	Responsive to communication(s) file	ed on					
2a) <u></u> □		2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposit	ion of Claims						
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) 1-21 is/are pending in the at 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/a Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-21 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restrict	re withdrawn from consideration.					
Applicat	ion Papers						
-	The specification is objected to by the						
10)	10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
	Applicant may not request that any object		• , ,	SED 4 404/4\			
11)	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including The oath or declaration is objected to	•	-	• •			
Priority (ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
a)	2. Certified copies of the priority3. Copies of the certified copies	documents have been received. documents have been received i of the priority documents have be nal Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	in Application No een received in this Nationa	al Stage			
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)		ew Summary (PTO-413)				
3) 🔲 Infor	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (P mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or r No(s)/Mail Date		No(s)/Mail Date of Informal Patent Application (PT	ΓO-152)			

DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1-21 are pending in this Office Action.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

2. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

3. Claim 20 is recites the limitation "the computer program" in page 22, line 21. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 1-5, 8-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Rivette et al (or hereinafter "Rivette") (USP 6339767) in view of Rofrano (USP 6035283).

As to claim 1, Rivette teaches the claimed limitations:

"creating a secondary classification set defining a new classification field" as creating a classification set such as Assignee table, patent_class_type, Patent_class_xref. Each classification set has a list of new classification field. For example, Assignee table has several classification fields as Assignee_ID, Document_ID (fig. 12B& 58, col. 60, lines 5-20);

"mapping selected item numbers from the list of item numbers in said classification set onto said secondary classification set" as an assignee table 1201 includes information on the assignees of a patent. A given patent may have multiple assignees. For each assignee of a

1201 (col. 59, lines 35-65, fig. 85);

patent, there is a record in the assignee table 1201. Each record of the assignee table 1201 also includes information, state information, the name of the assignee, and the city and zip code of the assignee. The above information indicates that the system mapping each selected record numbers such as zip code of the assignee from a patent in classification set assignee table

"creating a decision tree for said selected item numbers" as creating a tree for patent numbers (fig. 122).

Rivette does not explicitly teach the claimed limitation "creating a questionnaire corresponding to said decision tree". Rofrano teaches customer interaction with current electronic catalog systems follows one of a plurality of pre-set paths along a decision tree, with the customer input typically being limited to responses to pre-defined choices. Interactive online catalog sales applications utilize user responses to questions. Such system frequently attempts to direct the information retrieval by first gathering information about the customer and the customer's needs, before posting specific product question. The above information shows that the system creating a list of questions corresponding to a decision tree (col. 1, lines 1, lines 64-67 col. 2, lines 1-10).

It would have been obvious to a person of an ordinary skill in the art at the invention was made to apply Rofrano's teaching of customer interaction with current electronic catalog systems follows one of a plurality of pre-set paths along a decision tree, with the customer input typically being limited to responses to pre-defined choices. Interactive on-line catalog sales applications utilize user responses to questions. Such system frequently attempt to direct the information retrieval by first gathering information about the customer and the customer's needs, before posting specific product question to Rivette's system in order to assist actual customers to products that they will most likely be interested in searching/retrieving.

As to claim 2, Rivette teaches the claimed limitation "wherein said selected item numbers comprises a subset of said item numbers" as (fig. 78)

As to claim 3, Rivette teaches the claimed limitation "providing a transfer function, said transfer function enabling deciding, for each item number in said classification set, whether it should be included in said secondary classification set" as (fig. 85).

As to claim 4, Rivette teaches the claimed limitation "wherein each of said item numbers in said list of item numbers further includes an item description, and wherein said mapping selected item numbers further comprises, at least for some of the item numbers, changing said item description" as (figs. 85-87).

As to claim 5, Rivette and Rofrano teaches the claimed limitation subject matter in claim 1, Rofrano further teaches the claimed limitation "wherein said questionnaire is constructed in the form of a computer user interface" as (col. 1, lines 64-67; col. 2, lines 1-10).

As to claim 8, Rivette teaches the claimed limitation "wherein said user interface further comprises a display field for applicable regulations" as (fig. 53).

As to claim 9, Rivette teaches the claimed limitation "wherein said user interface further includes a keyword field for keyword search of said decision tree" as (fig. 118).

As to claim 10, Rivette teaches the claimed limitation "wherein said user interface comprises hypertext" as (fig. 8).

6. Claims 6, 11-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Rivette et al (or hereinafter "Rivette") (USP 6339767) in view of Rofrano (USP 6035283) and further in view of Hoffer (USP 5799151).

As to claim 6, Rivette and Rofrano discloses the claimed limitation subject matter in claim 1, except the claimed limitation "wherein said classification set comprises one of the Harmonized Tariff System (HTS), the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS), and a country specific HTS". Hoffer teaches HTS category numbers and country (col. 7, lines 40-67; col. 8, lines 1-40).

It would have been obvious to a person of an ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to apply Hoffer's teaching of HTS category numbers and a country in HTS to Rivette's system and Rofrano's system in order to classify establishments in all fields of economic activity and define industries in accordance with composition and structure of the economy for retrieving/searching quickly and to provide with full shipping charges for the delivery of selected goods so that the shipping costs are paid as part of the overall price of the goods selected.

As to claim 11, Rivette teaches the claimed limitations:

"creating a secondary classification set" as creating a classification set such as Assinee table, patent_class_type, Patent_class_xref. Each classification set has a list of new

classification field. For example, Assignee table has several classification field as Assignee ID, Document_ID (fig. 12B& 58, col. 60, lines 5-20);

"creating a decision tree for said selected item numbers" as as creating a tree for patent numbers (fig. 122).

Rivette does not explicitly teaches the claimed limitations" mapping selected tariff numbers from the HTSUS onto said secondary classification set; and creating a questionnaire corresponding to said decision tree". Rivette teaches mapping received group names from user and match group names to group Ids (fig. 85). Hoffer teaches the HTS topic boards system includes country codes from different countries (col. 8, lines 10-60). Rofrano teaches customer interaction with current electronic catalog systems follows one of a plurality of pre-set paths along a decision tree, with the customer input typically being limited to responses to pre-defined choices. Interactive on-line catalog sales applications utilize user responses to questions. Such system frequently attempts to direct the informiont retrieval by first gathering information about the customer and the customer's needs, before posting specific product question. The above information shows that the system creating a list of questions corresponding to a decision tree (col. 1, lines 1, lines 64-67 col. 2, lines 1-10).

It would have been obvious to a person of an ordinary skill in the art at the invention was made to apply Rofrano's teaching of customer interaction with current electronic catalog systems follows one of a plurality of pre-set paths along a decision tree, with the customer input typically being limited to responses to pre-defined choices. Interactive on-line catalog sales applications utilize user responses to questions. Such system frequently attempt to direct the information retrieval by first gathering information about the customer and the customer's needs. before posting specific product question and Hoffer's teaching of the HTS topic boards system includes country codes from different countries to Rivette's system in order to assist actual

customers to products that they will most likely be interested in searching/retrieving and to provide with full shipping charges for the delivery of selected goods so that the shipping costs are paid as part of the overall price of the goods selected.

As to claim 12, Rivette, Rofrano and Hoffer teach the claimed limitation subject matter in claim 1, Hoffer further teaches the claimed limitation "a subset of said HTS" as (col. 8, lines 55-65).

As to claim 13, Rivette, Rofrano and Hoffer teach the claimed limitation subject matter in claim 1, Rofrano further teaches the claimed limitation "wherein said questionnaire comprises questions requiring no knowledge of the HTS" as (col. 1, lines 1, lines 64-67 col. 2, lines 1-10).

As to claim 14, Rivette teaches the claimed limitation "wherein said secondary classification set comprises blocks of classification items, each block corresponding to a different item class" as (fig. 23).

As to claim 15, Rivette teaches the claimed limitation "wherein said questionnaire is constructed in the form of a computer user interface comprising hypertext" as (fig. 8).

As to claim 16, Rivette, Rofrano and Hoffer teach the claimed limitation subject matter in claim 1, Hoffer further teaches the claimed limitation, further comprising using a company's business information to construct a transfer function, and using said transfer function to perform said mapping selected tariff numbers" as (col. 8, lines 10-60).

As to claim 17, Rivette teaches the claimed limitation "wherein said secondary classification set comprises blocks of classification items, each block corresponding to different item class" as (figs. 8&85). Rivette does not explicitly teach the claimed limitation "wherein said transfer function maps selected items from said HTS onto a selected one of said blocks of classification items". However, Rivette teaches as an assignee table 1201 includes information on the assignees of a patent. A given patent may have multiple assignesses. For each assignee of a patent, there is a record in the assignee table 1201. Each record of the assignee table 1201 also includes information, state information, the name of the assignee, and the city and zip code of the assignee. The above information indicates that the system mapping each selected record numbers such as zip code of the assignee from a patent in classification set assignee table 1201 (col. 59, lines 35-65, fig. 85). Hoffer teaches HTS contains grouping of goods (col. 8, lines 55-60).

It would have been obvious to a person of an ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to apply Hoffer's teaching of HTS contains grouping of goods to Rivette's system in order to provide with full shipping charges for the delivery of selected goods from different countries quickly.

As to claim 18, Rivette teaches the claimed limitation "wherein said decision tree is constructed in the form of an organization chart" as (fig. 164)

7. Claim 7 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Rivette et al (or hereinafter "Rivette") (USP 6339767) in view of Rofrano (USP 6035283) and further in view of Pool et al (or hereinafter "Pool") (USP 6460020)

1-10).

As to claim 7, Rivette and Rofrano disclose the claimed limitation subject matter in claim 1, except the claimed limitation "a subset of said one of HTS, HTSUS, and country specific HTS". Pool teaches import/export duties, America governmental taxation schedules based upon FOB point pries, Harmonized Tariff Schedules (abstract, col. 13, lines 60-67; col. 14, lines

It would have been obvious to a person of an ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to apply Pool's teaching of import/export duties, America governmental taxation schedules based upon FOB point pries, Harmonized Tariff Schedules to Rivette's system and Rofrano's system in order to provide a transaction system whereby a buyer can go shopping by computer almost anywhere in the world using the buyer's language.

8. Claims 19-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Rivette et al (or hereinafter "Rivette") (USP 6339767) in view of Hartman et al (or hereinafter "Hartman") (USP 5987425) and further in view of Hoffer (USP 5799151).

As to claim 19, Rivette teaches the claimed limitations:

"at least one classification block, said classification block having selected HTS tariff numbers mapped thereto from a country specific HTS" creating a classification set such as Assinee table, patent_class_type, Patent_class_xref. Each classification set has a list of new classification field. For example, Assignee table has several classification field as Assignee_ID, Document_ID. as an assignee table 1201 includes information on the assignees of a patent. A given patent may have multiple assignees. For each assignee of a patent, there is a record in the assignee table 1201. Each record of the assignee table 1201 also includes information, state information, the name of the assignee, and the city and zip code of the assignee. The above information indicates that the system mapping

each selected record numbers such as zip code of the assignee from a patent in classification set assignee table 1201 (col. 59, lines 35-65, fig. 85);

(fig. 12B& 58, col. 60, lines 5-20);

"a decision tree for said classification blocks" as creating a tree for patent numbers (fig. 122).

Rivette does not explicitly teaches the claimed limitation "a user interface enabling progression in said decision tree; wherein when operated, said computer program causes a computer to perform the functions comprising: enabling a user of said computer to assign an HTS tariff number to an import item by performing the functions comprising: asking the user to respond to questions relating to the characteristics of the imported item in order to progress through the decision tree and to arrive at an appropriate tariff number". Harman teaches that a user interface allows dealer to enter a classification code for products (col. 10, lines 50-60). Rofrano teaches customer interaction with current electronic catalog systems follows one of a plurality of pre-set paths along a decision tree, with the customer input typically being limited to responses to pre-defined choices. Interactive on-line catalog sales applications utilize user responses to questions. Such system frequently attempts to direct the informiont retrieval by first gathering information about the customer and the customer's needs, before posting specific product question. The above information shows that the system creating a list of questions corresponding to a decision tree (col. 1, lines 1, lines 64-67 col. 2, lines 1-10).

It would have been obvious to a person of an ordinary skill in the art at the invention was made to apply Hartman's teaching of entering classification code for products and Rofrano's teaching of customer interaction with current electronic catalog systems follows one of a plurality of pre-set paths along a decision tree, with the customer input typically being limited to

responses to pre-defined choices. Interactive on-line catalog sales applications utilize user responses to questions. Such system frequently attempt to direct the information retrieval by first gathering information about the customer and the customer's needs, before posting specific product question to Rivette's system in order to assist and quite actual customers to products that they will most likely be interested in searching/retrieving to maintain product information.

As to claim 20, Rivette, Hartman and Rofrano disclose the claimed limitation subject matter in claim 19, Rofrano further teaches claimed limitation "wherein said classification blocks are expandable". Rofrano teaches catalog tree (col 1, lines 64-67; col. 2, lins 1-10).

As to claim 21, Rivette, Hartman and Rofrano disclose the claimed limitation subject matter in claim 19, except the claimed limitation "wherein the tariff numbers mapped onto said classification blocks comprise a subset of said country specific HTS tariff numbers". Hoffer teaches HTS category numbers and country (col. 7, lines 40-67; col. 8, lines 1-40). It would have been obvious to a person of an ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to apply Hoffer's teaching of HTS category numbers and a country in HTS to Rivette's system and Rofrano's system in order to classify establishments in all fields of economic activity and define industries in accordance with composition and structure of the economy for retrieving/searching quickly and to provide with full shipping charges for the delivery of selected goods so that the shipping costs are paid as part of the overall price of the goods selected.

Conclusion

9. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure

Povilus (USP 5740425).

Contact Information

10. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Cam-Y Truong whose telephone number is (703-605-1169). The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri from 8:00AM to 4:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John Breene, can be reached on (703-305-9790). The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703-305-3900).

Cam-Y Truong

5/27/04

SHAHID ALAM SHAHID ALAM BRIMARY EXAMINER